§401.70

(10) Any quantity of direct reduced iron (DRI).

[45 FR 52379, Aug. 7, 1980, as amended at 47 FR 51123, Nov. 12, 1982; 48 FR 20691, May 9, 1983]

§ 401.70 Fendering—explosive and hazardous cargo vessels.

All explosive vessels requiring a permit in accordance with §401.68 and all tankers carrying cargo with a flashpoint of up to 61 °C, except those carrying such cargo in center tanks with gas free wing tanks, shall be equipped with a sufficient number of non-metallic fenders on each side to prevent any metallic part of the vessel from touching the side of a dock or lock wall.

§ 401.71 Signals—explosive or hazardous cargo vessels.

An explosive or hazardous cargo vessel shall display at the masthead or at an equivalent conspicuous position a "B" flag.

[61 FR 19551, May 2, 1996]

§ 401.72 Reporting—explosive and hazardous cargo vessels.

(a) Every explosive vessel or hazardous cargo vessel shall, when reporting information related to cargo as required by \$401.64(a), report the nature and tonnage of its explosive or hazardous cargo and the flashpoint of that cargo where applicable. Every vessel carrying grain which is under fumigation shall declare the nature of the fumigant and its properties.

(b) Every explosive vessel requiring a Seaway Explosives Permit shall, when reporting in, give the number of its Seaway Explosives Permit.

(c) Every hazardous cargo vessel carrying metal turnings, shavings, cuttings or borings in bulk shall, when reporting information related to cargo as required by §401.64(a), give the high temperature reading of each compartment at that time, together with the high temperature reading in each compartment taken on completion of loading

(d) Every vessel carrying radioactive substances shall, when reporting in, give the number and date of issue of any required certificate issued by the Atomic Energy Control Board authorizing such shipment.

- (e) Every vessel carrying dangerous cargo, as defined in §401.66, and all tankers carrying liquid cargo in bulk shall, before transiting any part of the Seaway, file with the Corporation and the Authority a copy of the current load plan that includes the following information:
- (1) The name of the cargo, its IMO class and UN number as set out in the IMDG Code, if applicable, or, if the cargo is not classed by the IMO and does not have a UN number, the words "NOT CLASSED";
- (2) The weight in metric tonnes and the stowage location of each commodity:
- (3) The approximate weight in metric tonnes or the approximate volume in cubic meters in each hold or tank;
- (4) The flashpoint of the cargo, if applicable; and
- (5) The estimated date of entry into the Seaway and the date and time that the load plan was last issued or amended.
- (f) For tankers, the information required under this §401.72 shall be detailed on a plan showing the general layout of the tanks, and, if a tanker is so fitted, a midship cross-section showing double bottom tanks and ballast side tanks.
- (g) If a Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) on a hazardous cargo that a vessel is carrying is not available in a Seaway Traffic Control Center, the vessel shall provide information enabling the preparation of an MSDS.
- (h) Every vessel shall submit its load plan to the nearest Seaway Traffic Control Center and, if there are subsequent changes in stowage including loading and discharging during a transit, the vessel shall submit an updated plan before departing from any port between St. Lambert and Long Point.

[45 FR 52379, Aug. 7, 1980, as amended at 61 FR 19551, May 2, 1996]

§ 401.73 Cleaning tanks—hazardous cargo vessels.

Cleaning and gas freeing of tanks shall not take place:

- (a) In a canal or a lock;
- (b) In an area that is not clear of other vessels or structures; and

(c) Before gas freeing and tank cleaning has been reported to the nearest Seaway station.

[55 FR 48599, Nov. 21, 1990]

TOLL ASSESSMENT AND PAYMENT

§ 401.74 Transit declaration.

- (a) A Seaway Transit Declaration Form (Cargo and Passenger), which may be obtained from the Saint Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation, P.O. Box 520, Massena, New York 13662, or the St. Lawrence Seaway Authority, 202 Pitt Street, Cornwall, Ontario K6J 3P7, shall be forwarded to the Corporation or the Authority by the representative of a vessel, other than a pleasure craft of not more than 317.5 tonnes, within fourteen days after the vessel first enters the Seaway on any upbound or downbound voyage.
- (b) The loaded or manifest weight of cargo shall be shown on the Seaway Transit Declaration Form, except in the case of petroleum products where gallonage meters are not available at the point of loading, in which case offloaded weights may be shown on the Declaration Form.
- (c) Where a vessel carries cargo to or from an overseas port, a copy of the cargo manifest, duly certified, shall be forwarded with the Seaway Transit Declaration Form.
- (d) A Weight-Scale Certificate or similar document issued in the place of a cargo manifest may be accepted in lieu thereof.
- (e) Where a Seaway Transit Declaration Form is found to be inaccurate, concerning the destination, cargo or passengers, the representative shall immediately forward to the Corporation or the Authority a new, revised Declaration Form.
- (f) The information set out in the Seaway Transit Declaration Form shall be transmitted by the Authority to Statistics Canada, and the Corporation will transmit the statistical data required in the United States.
- (g) Seaway Transit Declaration Forms shall be used in assessing toll charges in accordance with the St. Lawrence Seaway Tariff of Tolls, and toll accounts shall be forwarded in du-

plicate to the representative or his designated agent.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 2135–0003)

(68 Stat. 93–96, 33 U.S.C. 981–990, as amended and secs. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12 and 13 of sec. 2 of Pub. L. 95–474. 92 Stat. 1471)

[39 FR 10900, Mar. 22, 1974, as amended at 48 FR 20691, May 9, 1983; 49 FR 30936, Aug. 2, 1984]

§ 401.75 Payment of tolls.

- (a) Every toll invoice shall be paid in Canadian or American funds, as indicated on the invoice, within forty-five days after the vessel enters the Seaway, and any adjustment of the amount payable shall be provided for in a subsequent invoice.
- (b) Tolls, established by agreement between Canada and the United States and known as the St. Lawrence Seaway Tariff of Tolls, shall be paid by pleasure craft in Canadian or American funds for the transit of each Seaway lock.

[61 FR 19552, May 2, 1996]

§ 401.76 In-transit cargo.

Cargo that is carried both upbound and downbound in the course of the same voyage shall be reported in the Seaway Transit Declaration Form, but is deemed to be ballast and not subject to toll assessment.

§401.77 [Reserved]

INFORMATION AND REPORTS

§ 401.78 Required information.

- (a) Documentary evidence, comprising inspection certificates, load line certificates, crew lists, dangerous cargo manifest and the cargo stowage plan, shall be carried on board and shall be made available to any officer requiring production of such evidence.
- (b) Documentary evidence, comprising evidence of cargo declared, cargo manifest, dangerous cargo manifest and bills of lading, shall be kept by the agent, owner or operator for a period of five years, or until an audit has been performed by the Corporation or the Authority, whichever occurs first, and such documents shall be made